

my/his/their etc.

A



I → my	I like my job.
we → our	We like our jobs.
you → your	You like your job.
he → his	He likes his job.
she → her	She likes her job.
they → their	They like their jobs.
it → its	Oxford is famous for its university. (its = su, de Oxford)

my/your/his etc. llevan detrás un sustantivo:

my hands mis manos his mother su madre
 our house nuestra casa your best friend tu mejor amigo

her new car su coche nuevo
 their room su habitación

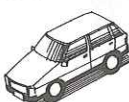


your equivale en español a 'tu/tus/vuestro/vuestra/vuestros/vuestras' y también a 'su/sus' (cuando el poseedor es Vd./Vds.).

- Excuse me, is this **your** handbag? ... ¿... su bolso?
- Sue, Bruce, tell us something about **your** trip to India. ... contadnos algo de vuestro viaje a la India.




B

his/her/their (= 'su/sus' en español) se refieren al poseedor (masculino/femenino/plural) y no a lo poseído:




DIANE

 **her car**
(= Diane's car)
 **her husband**
(= Diane's husband)
 **her children**
(= Diane's children)

ANDY

 **his bicycle**
 **his sister**
 **his parents**

MR AND MRS THOMSON

 **their son**
 **their daughter**
 **their children**

C

its es diferente de it's:
 its = su/sus (de cosa o animal)
 it's = it is

- Oxford is famous for **its** university. ... por su universidad.
- I like Oxford. **It's** a nice city. (= It is a nice city.)

D

En inglés se usan con frecuencia los posesivos al hablar de partes del cuerpo, prendas de vestir y objetos personales. Observa las diferencias entre inglés y español:

- How often do you clean **your** teeth? ¿Con qué frecuencia te limpias los dientes?
- She's got a small scar on **her** face. Tiene una cicatriz pequeña en la cara.
- He always has **his** hands in **his** pockets. Siempre está con las manos en los bolsillos.
- Please, take off **your** hat. Por favor, quítese el sombrero.
- **My** legs ache. Me duelen las piernas.
- We can't find **our** keys. No podemos encontrar las llaves.

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her car (= Diane's car)	his bicycle	their son
her husband (= Diane's husband)	his sister	their daughter
her children (= Diane's children)	his parents	their children

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it's = it is I like Oxford. It's a nice city. (= It is a nice city.)

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EJERCICIOS

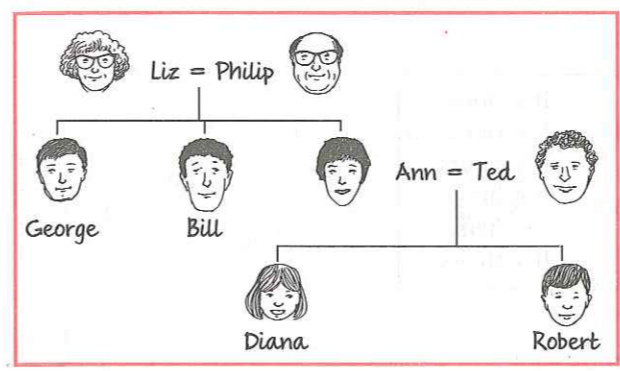
60.1 Completa las frases siguientes:

- I'm going to wash my hands.
- She's going to wash
- We're going to wash
- He's going to wash
- They're going to wash
- Are you going to wash

60.2 Completa las frases siguientes:

- He lives with his parents.
- They live with parents.
- We parents.
- Julia lives
- I parents.
- John
- Do you live
- Most children

60.3 Observa el árbol genealógico y completa las frases usando his/her/their.



- I saw Liz with her husband, Philip.
- I saw Ann and Ted with children.
- I saw Ted with wife, Ann.
- I saw George with brother, Bill.
- I saw Ann with brother, Bill.
- I saw Liz and Philip with son, Bill.
- I saw Ann with parents.
- I saw Diana and Robert with parents.

60.4 Completa las frases con my/our/your/his/her/their/its.

- Do you like your job?
- I know Mr Watson but I don't know wife.
- Mr and Mrs Baker live in London. son lives in Australia.
- We're going to have a party. We're going to invite all friends.
- Ann is going out with friends this evening.
- I like tennis. It's favourite sport.
- 'Is that car?' 'No, I haven't got a car.'
- I want to phone Ann. Do you know phone number?
- Do you think most people are happy in jobs?
- I'm going to wash hair before I go out.
- This is a beautiful tree. leaves are a beautiful colour.
- John has a brother and a sister. brother is 25 and sister is 21.

60.5 Completa las frases usando my/his/their etc. y una de las palabras siguientes:

- coat homework house husband job key name
- Jim doesn't enjoy his job. It's not very interesting.
 - I can't open the door. I haven't got
 - Sally is married. works in a bank.
 - It's very cold today. Put on when you go out.
 - 'What are the children doing?' 'They're doing
 - 'Do you know that man?' 'Yes, but I don't know
 - We live in Barton Street. is at the end on the left.

60.6 Traduce al inglés:

- Mi coche es muy viejo.
- ¿Tenéis vuestros libros aquí?
- Veo a Carlos y a su hermana los domingos.
- ¿Puede Vd. enseñarme su pasaporte?
- Siempre nos lavamos las manos antes de comer. (comer = dinner)
- Quítese la chaqueta, por favor.
- Pablo y su madre están esperándote.
- Voy a lavarme el pelo.
- Nuestra casa no está lejos de la estación.
- Avila es famosa por sus murallas. (muralla = wall)

UNIDAD 60

60.1

- 2 her hands
- 3 our hands
- 4 his hands
- 5 their hands
- 6 your hands

60.2

- 2 They live with their parents.
- 3 We live with our parents.
- 4 Julia lives with her parents.
- 5 I live with my parents.
- 6 John lives with his parents.
- 7 Do you live with your parents?
- 8 Most children live with their parents.

60.3

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 2 their | 6 their |
| 3 his | 7 her |
| 4 his | 8 their |
| 5 her | |

60.4

- | | |
|---------|----------------|
| 2 his | 8 her |
| 3 Their | 9 their |
| 4 our | 10 my |
| 5 her | 11 Its |
| 6 my | 12 His ... his |
| 7 your | |

60.5

- 2 my key
- 3 Her husband
- 4 your coat
- 5 their homework
- 6 his name
- 7 Our house

60.6

- 1 My car is very old.
- 2 Have you got your books here?
- 3 I see Carlos and his sister on Sundays.
- 4 Can you show me your passport?
- 5 We always wash our hands before dinner.
- 6 Take off your jacket, please.
- 7 Pablo and his mother are waiting for you.
- 8 I'm going to wash my hair.
- 9 Our house isn't far from the station.
- 10 Avila is famous for its walls.